

Heritability and path coefficient analysis for quantitative traits of rapeseed advanced lines

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Abstract

This study was undertaken to examine phenotypic, and genetic variability, broad-sense heritability, genetic gain under selection, and interrelationships of some agronomic traits of rapeseed genotypes. Genotypes showed significant variation for all studied characters. High heritability, and genetic advance estimates were recorded for days to flowering, and seeds per pod indicating the existence of additive gene action for the expression of these traits. High value of heritability, and moderate value of genetic advance were observed for days to end of flowering, and days to maturity suggesting the involvement of non-additive(dominance or epistatic) gene effect for these traits. For all traits, genetic variances were lower as compared to phenotypic ones, demonstrating the environmental influence in their expression. The direct effect of days to flowering (0.35*), pods on main raceme (0.36*), pods per plant (0.56**), and seed yield were positive, and significant, therefore these traits can be used as indirect selection criteria for improving seed yield. The positive association between oil content, and seed yield per plant indicate the possibility of improving these most important traits in rapeseed simultaneously. Among the genotypes, G6, G7, G5, G14, G19, and G21 with seed yield of 3053, 3070, 3094, 3113, 3338, and 3415 kg ha⁻¹, respectively were higher yielding than other genotypes.

Key words: genetic correlations, genetic path coefficient, heritability, rapeseed, yield

Introduction

Rapeseed (Brassica napus L.) is the second most important oilseed crop in the international oilseed market followed by soybean. The seeds of modern varieties typically have 40% to 45% oil, which supplies a raw material for many other products ranging from rapeseed methyl ester (biodiesel) to industrial lubricants, and hydraulic oils for detergent and soap production and biodegradable plastics (Friedt et al., 2007). It is a main crop in Iran for more than a decade, and has major role in providing self-sufficiency in edible oil to the country. Therefore, it is essential to develop new varieties of rapeseed with high seed yield. Optimizing yield is one of the most important objectives for most rapeseed breeders. Seed yield is a complex character determined by several components reflecting positive or negative effects upon this trait, while it is important to examine the role of each of the various components in order to give more attention to those having the greatest influence on seed yield (Marjanovic-Jeromela et al., 2007). Therefore, the estimation of heritability of desired traits needs to be performed in order to apply an efficient breeding strategy. Heritability represents the ratio between genotypic, and phenotypic variance, and expresses individual's phenotypes determined by their genotypes (Engqvist and Becker, 1993; Giessen et al., 2003; Akbar et al., 2007). Heritability along with genetic gain is more valuable than heritability alone in the precise prediction of the effects of selection. The phenotypic values of different traits in the same individual are often found to be correlated (Lynch and Walsh, 1988). A trait having the wider range of genetic variability, relatively high heritability, and moderate to high genetic advance would be an effective means to get better seed yield (Aytaç and Kinaci, 2009). When the selection is simultaneous for various traits, the correlation between them may

restrict the response to selection. Path-coefficient technique splits the correlation coefficients into direct, and indirect effects via alternative characters or pathways, and thus permits a critical examination of components that influence a given correlation, and can be helpful in formulating an efficient selection strategy (Sabaghnia *et al.*, 2010). Keeping in view the importance of rapeseed as an oil crop, this study was conducted to estimate genetic, and phenotypic variability, broad-sense heritability, and interrelationships between seed yield and some related traits.

Materials and Methods

The material under study consisted of 24 rapeseed (Brassica napus L.) genotypes including three cultivars, and 21 advanced lines, which were selected on the basis of different agronomic characters. The genotypes were evaluated in randomized complete block design with three replications at Biekol Agriculture Research Station, located in Neka, Iran (13°53' E; 43°36'N latitude, 15 m above sea level) during 2010-11. Each plot consisted of four rows of 5 m length spaced 30 cm apart. The plant to plant spacing was maintained at 5 cm. Crop management factors like land preparation, crop rotation, fertilizer, and weed control were followed as recommended for local area. All the plant protection measures were applied to make the crop free from insect-pests. The pods on main raceme, and pods per plant were recorded based on 10 randomly tagged plants in each plot. The pod length, and seeds per pod were recorded based on five randomly tagged pods on the main raceme of 10 plants in each plot. Seed yield (adjusted to kg ha⁻¹) was recorded based on two middle rows of each plot.

Variance components were estimated from the mean squares in the analysis of variance (Singh *et al.*, 1993). The component of variance including error variance (V_E) , genotypic variance (V_G) and phenotypic variance (V_p) were estimated according to the following formula:

$$V_{E} = MS_{E}$$

$$V_{G} = (MS_{G} - MS_{E})/r$$

$$V_{P} = V_{G} + V_{E}$$

Broad sense heritability (h_B^2) was estimated as: $h_B^2=VG/VE$ (Falconer, 1989). The coefficient of variation was estimated as $CV=(\sqrt{V_G})/\mu$ in which

 μ is the mean of genotypes for each trait. Expected genetic advance (GA) and GA as percent of the mean assuming selection of the superior 10% of the genotypes were estimated in accordance to Falconer, (1989) as:

$$GA = k. \sqrt{V_p}. h_B^2$$

GA(as % of the mean) =
$$(G_A/\bar{x}) \times 100$$

where k is a standardized selection differential (with 10% selection intensity it is 1.755), is the phenotypic standard deviation, h_B^2 is the broad sense heritability, and refers to the mean of the character. Genetic correlation coefficients were calculated from the analysis of covariance (Singh and Chaudhary, 1979). Direct and indirect path coefficients were calculated as described by previous studies (Lynch and Walsh, 1988; Williams *et al.*, 1990) as:

$$r_{yi} = P_{yi} + \text{For i "i' and i' "1}$$

where r_{yi} is the simple correlation coefficient between the *i*-th causal variable (Xi), and effect variable (y), r_{ii} is the simple correlation coefficient between the *i*-th and *i*'-th causal variables, Pyi is the path coefficient (direct effect) of the *i*-th causal variable (Xi), r_{ii} , P_{yi} is the indirect effect of the *i*-th causal variable via the *i*'-th causal variable. To determine P_{yi} values, square matrics of the correlation coefficient between independent traits in all possible pairs were inverted and then multiplied by the correlation coefficients between the independent and dependent traits. All the analyses were performed using MS-Excel, and SAS software version 9 (SAS Institute INC., 2004).

Results and Discussions

Genotypes differed significantly (p < 0.01) for all investigated traits (Table1), verifying the possibility of improving these traits through selection. These results are the same as those reported in earlier studies (Ali *et al.*, 2003; Sabaghnia *et al.*, 2010). To compare the variation among various traits,

Table 1. Randomize complete block (RCBD) analysis of variance, broad-sense heritability, and genetic advance estimates for the traits studied

S.O.V	Df					M.S				
		Days	Days	Days	Plant	Pods	Pods	Pods	Seeds	Seed
		to	to end	to	height	on main	per	length	per	yield
		flowering	of flowering	maturity		raceme	plant		pod	
Replication	2	2.2	7.9	4.2	1071**	878**	3690**	4.95**	225.3**	1013675*
Treatments	23	**6'96	82.5**	44.3**	168*	105*	263**	0.55*	15.8**	622533**
Error	46	1.1	13.5	4.0	96	33	196	0.26	3.6	231549

^{*, **} Significant at p=0.05 and 0.01, respectively.

Table 2. Genetic parameters of some quantitative traits of advance rapeseed lines

Traits			Parameters	rs		
	Vp	ΛG	PCV	GCV	$.h_{B}^{2}$	GA (%)
Days to flowering	361877	130328	23.46	14.08	0.97	9.22
Days to end of flowering	7.7	4.1	13.22	9.63	0.63	3.98
Days to maturity	0.4	0.1	10.43	5.43	0.77	2.68
Plant height (cm)	318.3	122.3	19.65	12.18	0.20	2.35
Pods on main raceme	57.0	24.0	19.04	12.35	0.42	14.03
Pods per plant	120.0	24.0	69.9	2.99	0.38	13.11
Pods length (cm)	17.4	13.4	1.98	1.74	0.27	4.94
Seeds per pod	36.5	23.0	3.60	2.86	0.53	12.29
Seed yield (kg ha ⁻¹)	33.0	31.9	5.41	5.32	0.36	14.82

Vp: phenotypic variance; V_G: genotypic variance); PCV: phenotypic coefficient of variation; GCV:genotypic coefficient of variation; h²_{B:} broadsense heritability, GA(%); genetic advance.

descriptive statistics including phenotypic (PCV), and genetic coefficient of variability (GCV), broad sense heritability (h_B^2), genetic advance, and genetic advance (GA) as a percentage of mean are given in Table 2. For all traits, genetic variances were lower as compared to phenotypic ones, demonstrating the environmental influence in their expression.

Flowering is the most critical stage having great influence on the yield of oilseed *Brassica*. The onset of flower initiation can have strong influence on flower, pod, and seed related parameters (Baye and Becker, 2005). Various studies on oilseed rape have shown flowering period to be a highly heritable character. Days to flowering ranged from 97 days

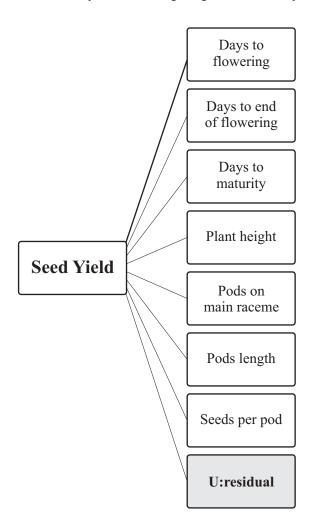


Fig. 1: Path diagram for seed yield and other eight related characteristics

(G3 and G18) to 117 days (G13) (Table 3). It is in conformity with the findings of some already reported research regarding the traits (Holland et al., 2002; Ivanovska et al., 2007; Sajid and Farhatullah Khalil, 2008), which strengthened our results. High value of broad-sense heritability (90.3), and moderate value of genetic advance (16.88) were observed for days to flowering (Table 2), suggesting non-additive (dominance or epistatic) gene effect for this trait. High heritability also reported for days to flowering (Khan et al., 2008). This indicated that a trait having high heritability did not essentially produce high genetic advance. Non-significant positive correlation was determined between days to flowering, and seed yield (Table 4). Decisions solely based on correlation coefficients may not always be effective since they provide only limited information, disregarding interrelations among traits. Thus, information obtained from correlation coefficient can be enhanced by partitioning them into direct, and indirect effects for a set of prior cause, and interrelationship.Path diagram, and the result of path coefficient analysis for studied traits are presented in Fig. 1 and Table 5, respectively. Days to flowering had significant positive direct effect on seed yield. This trait can be used as selection criterion for seed yield in the early generations.

Days to end of flowering ranged from 157 to 176 days in G23 and G11, respectively (Table 3). High mean values of this trait will follow high mean values of pod formation, therefore the genotypes including G1, G9, G7, G3, and G11 with 174, 174, 174, 175, and 176 days to end of flowering were superior for improving this trait. Phenotypic, and genotypic coefficient of variations for Days to end of flowering were 7.7, and 4.1 respectively, Days to end of flowering also displayed high broad-sense heritability (0.63), and low genetic advance (3.98) for the genotypes (Table 2).

Days to maturity varied from 204 to 221 days in G18, and G22, respectively. Due to non-significant correlation between days to maturity, and seed yield, selection of high-yield potential genotypes with negligible losses of seed yield is possible. Phenotypic, and genotypic variances of genotypes for days to maturity were 0.4, and 0.1, respectively. Phenotypic

Table 3. Mean comparison of the rapeseed genotypes for phenologlical traits, plant height, yield components, and seed yield

10 end of to height path on main per length (em) 1.1 106 174 213 168.0 52.0 90.2 5.8 -7 106 170 213 175.7 40.5 71.7 5.7 -8 106 170 213 175.7 40.5 71.7 5.7 -9 106 170 213 175.7 40.5 71.2 5.7 -1 106 170 20.6 160.1 47.1 72.0 5.7 -14 108 165 206 160.1 47.1 72.0 5.7 -15 111 165 206 16.4 39.5 109.7 5.6 -1-6 109 174 211 168.4 39.5 100.3 5.7 -1-7 106 172 206 156.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 -1-8 111 165 213 160.1 34.4 <th>Genotypes</th> <th>Days</th> <th>Days to</th> <th>Days</th> <th>Plant</th> <th>Pods</th> <th>Pods</th> <th>Pods</th> <th>Seeds</th> <th>Seed</th>	Genotypes	Days	Days to	Days	Plant	Pods	Pods	Pods	Seeds	Seed
flowering flowering maturity (cm) raceme plant (cm) 1 106 174 213 168.0 52.0 90.2 5.8 3 106 170 213 168.0 52.0 90.2 5.8 4 106 170 213 165.4 36.7 77.2 5.9 8 104 165 206 160.1 47.1 72.0 5.7 14 108 169 212 165.6 37.5 109.7 5.7 15 111 165 211 168.4 39.5 109.7 5.6 1-1 103 174 211 168.4 39.5 109.7 5.6 1-1 103 172 216 16.3 34.9 101.3 5.7 1-18 111 162 215 150.4 34.4 11.1 5.5 8-2-4 108 176 212 15.4 34.4	1	to t	end of	to	height	on main	per	length	per	yield
1 106 174 213 168.0 52.0 90.2 5.8 3 106 170 213 175.7 40.5 71.7 5.7 4 106 170 213 175.7 40.5 71.7 5.7 4 108 165 206 160.1 47.1 72.0 5.7 15 111 165 212 162.6 37.5 109.7 5.6 16 109 174 211 154.3 31.0 86.7 5.7 16 109 174 211 168.4 39.5 109.7 5.6 11 165 211 168.4 39.5 101.3 5.7 11-8 111 162 215 156.4 34.4 101.3 5.7 11-8 111 162 215 157.0 34.4 101.3 5.7 11-8 117 208 172.2 41.5 108.6 5.4 <th></th> <th>flowering</th> <th>flowering</th> <th>maturity</th> <th>(cm)</th> <th>raceme</th> <th>plant</th> <th>(cm)</th> <th>pod</th> <th>(kg ha⁻¹)</th>		flowering	flowering	maturity	(cm)	raceme	plant	(cm)	pod	(kg ha ⁻¹)
3 106 170 213 175.7 40.5 71.7 57.7 4 97 175 206 169.4 36.7 77.2 5.9 8 104 165 206 160.1 47.1 72.0 5.9 14 108 165 212 162.6 37.5 109.7 5.6 15 111 165 211 164.8 34.9 101.3 5.6 1-1 103 174 206 165.8 34.9 101.3 5.6 1-1 103 172 206 165.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 1-1 103 172 204 165.1 36.7 36.7 5.7 11-2 11 162 215 160.1 34.4 71.1 5.5 8-2-4 108 172 212 164.0 34.7 80.8 6.0 8-2-5 104 172 212 167.2 41.5 </td <td>G1: Zar08-1</td> <td>106</td> <td>174</td> <td>213</td> <td>168.0</td> <td>52.0</td> <td>90.2</td> <td>5.8</td> <td>23.9</td> <td>1952</td>	G1: Zar08-1	106	174	213	168.0	52.0	90.2	5.8	23.9	1952
4 97 175 206 169,4 36.7 77.2 5.9 8 104 165 206 160.1 47.1 72.0 5.9 14 108 169 212 162.6 37.5 109.7 5.0 15 111 165 211 154.3 31.0 86.7 5.1 1-1 103 174 211 168.4 39.5 102.3 6.1 1-1 103 172 206 156.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 1-1 103 172 206 156.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 11-8 111 162 215 150.4 42.3 101.3 5.7 11-8 111 162 213 160.1 34.7 80.7 5.6 11-8 111 162 212 162.1 34.7 80.3 5.2 18-2-6 117 208 157.2 41.5 1	G2: Zar01-3	106	170	213	175.7	40.5	71.7	5.7	21.8	2171
8 104 165 206 160.1 47.1 72.0 5.7 14 108 169 212 162.6 37.5 109.7 5.6 15 111 165 211 154.3 31.0 86.7 5.6 1-1 103 174 211 168.4 39.5 102.3 6.1 -1 103 172 206 156.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 -1 106 174 208 165.1 36.5 69.7 5.6 11-8 111 162 215 150.4 42.3 101.3 5.7 11-8 111 162 215 160.1 34.4 101.3 5.7 8-2-4 108 176 213 160.1 34.7 80.8 5.2 8-2-5 107 164 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.7 8-2-1 103 166 205 166.8 <t< td=""><td>G3: Zar01-7</td><td>76</td><td>175</td><td>206</td><td>169.4</td><td>36.7</td><td>77.2</td><td>5.9</td><td>23.5</td><td>1893</td></t<>	G3: Zar01-7	76	175	206	169.4	36.7	77.2	5.9	23.5	1893
14 108 169 212 162.6 37.5 109.7 5.6 15 111 165 211 154.3 31.0 86.7 5.1 16 109 174 211 168.4 39.5 102.3 6.1 -1 103 172 206 156.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 -7 106 174 208 165.1 36.5 69.7 5.6 11-8 111 162 215 150.4 42.3 101.3 5.7 8-24 108 176 213 160.1 34.4 71.1 5.5 8-25 106 165 209 154.0 34.7 82.1 5.2 8-2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 5.3 8-2-7 104 172 212 172.2 41.5 106.8 5.7 8-2-1 103 164 204 164.7 <	G4: Zar01-8	104	165	206	160.1	47.1	72.0	5.7	23.2	2493
15 111 165 211 154.3 31.0 86.7 5.1 16 109 174 211 168.4 39.5 102.3 6.1 -1 103 172 206 156.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 -7 106 174 208 165.1 36.5 69.7 5.6 11-8 111 162 215 150.4 42.3 101.3 5.7 11-8 111 162 215 150.4 42.3 101.3 5.7 11-8 111 162 213 160.1 34.4 71.1 5.5 8-2-4 108 176 219 154.0 34.7 80.8 5.2 8-2-5 107 168 209 157.2 41.5 108.8 5.2 8-2-1 103 164 204 14.7 90.0 5.3 8-2-1 103 164 21.7 41.5 10.4	G5:22B01-14	108	169	212	162.6	37.5	109.7	5.6	24.0	3094
16 109 174 211 168.4 39.5 102.3 6.1 -1 103 172 206 156.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 -7 106 174 208 165.1 36.5 69.7 5.6 11-8 111 162 215 1504 42.3 101.3 5.7 8-2-4 108 176 213 160.1 34.4 71.1 5.5 8-2-5 106 165 209 154.0 34.7 82.1 5.5 8-2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 8-2-6 117 208 172.2 41.5 108.8 5.7 8-2-1 104 172 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.3 8-2-1 103 166 205 166.8 40.3 92.9 5.3 8-2-1 103 164 204 164.7 41.7	G6: 22B01-15	1111	165	211	154.3	31.0	86.7	5.1	18.5	3053
-1 103 172 206 156.8 34.9 101.3 5.7 -7 106 174 208 165.1 36.5 69.7 5.6 11-8 111 162 215 150.4 42.3 103.3 5.5 8-2-4 108 176 213 160.1 34.4 71.1 5.5 8-2-5 106 165 209 154.0 34.7 82.1 5.5 8-2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 8-2-9 104 172 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 5.5 8-2-9 104 172 212 172. 41.5 106.8 5.4 8-2-1 103 169 209 162.5 34.5 83.3 5.2 8-2-1 103 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-1 110 164 21 162.8	G7: 22B01-16	109	174	211	168.4	39.5	102.3	6.1	19.3	3070
-7 106 174 208 165.1 36.5 69.7 5.6 11-8 111 162 215 150.4 42.3 103.3 5.2 8-2-4 108 176 213 160.1 34.4 71.1 5.5 8-2-5 106 165 209 154.0 34.7 82.1 5.5 8-2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 8-2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 8-2-9 104 172 212 172.2 41.5 106.8 5.7 8-2-1 103 166 205 166.8 40.3 92.9 5.3 8-2-1 103 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-1 110 164 21 164.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 8-6-2 110 164 21 162.8	G8: Forn08-1	103	172	206	156.8	34.9	101.3	5.7	17.6	2194
11-8 111 162 215 150.4 42.3 103.3 5.2 8-2-4 108 176 213 160.1 34.4 71.1 5.5 8-2-5 106 165 209 154.0 34.7 71.1 5.5 8-2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 8-2-9 117 208 172.2 41.5 108.6 5.7 8-2-9 104 172 212 167.7 34.4 106.8 5.7 8-2-1 104 172 212 167.7 34.4 106.8 5.7 8-2-1 103 166 205 166.8 40.3 92.9 5.3 8-2-1 103 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-2 110 164 21 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 -2-1 110 164 21 167.8 40.1	G9: Forn01-7	106	174	208	165.1	36.5	69.7	5.6	18.8	1846
8.2-4 108 176 213 160.1 34.4 71.1 5.5 8.2-5 106 165 209 154.0 34.7 82.1 5.5 8.2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 8-2-8 10 171 208 172.2 41.5 108.6 5.7 8-2-9 104 172 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.7 8-2-1 104 172 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.7 8-2-1 103 166 205 166.8 40.3 92.9 5.3 8-2-1 103 169 209 162.5 34.5 83.3 5.2 8-6-1 109 164 201 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-2 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 401 119 169 221 171.0 </td <td>G10: Forn01-8</td> <td>111</td> <td>162</td> <td>215</td> <td>150.4</td> <td>42.3</td> <td>103.3</td> <td>5.2</td> <td>17.9</td> <td>2704</td>	G10: Forn01-8	111	162	215	150.4	42.3	103.3	5.2	17.9	2704
88-2-5 106 165 209 154.0 34.7 82.1 5.5 8-2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 88-2-9 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 88-2-9 104 172 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.7 88-2-1 103 166 205 166.8 40.3 92.9 5.3 88-2-1 103 169 209 162.5 34.5 83.3 5.2 88-2-1 103 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-1 109 159 210 152.1 31.8 106.7 6.6 8-6-2 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 -2-1 110 164 21 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 401 119 169 221 17	G11: Mod08-2-4	108	176	213	160.1	34.4	71.1	5.5	18.7	2445
8-2-6 117 168 214 181.3 46.7 80.8 6.0 88-2-8 102 171 208 172.2 41.5 108.6 5.7 88-2-9 104 172 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.4 88-2-1 103 166 205 166.8 40.3 92.9 5.3 88-2-1 103 169 209 162.5 34.5 83.3 5.2 88-2-1 109 159 210 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-1 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 -2-1 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.4 -2-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 -4-1 119 169 221 171.0 45.5 100.4 6.7 -6-1 104 161 213 16	G12: Mod08-2-5	106	165	209	154.0	34.7	82.1	5.5	19.4	2484
88-2-8 102 171 208 172.2 41.5 108.6 5.7 88-2-9 104 172 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.4 88-2-1 104 172 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.4 88-2-1 103 166 209 162.5 34.5 83.3 5.2 8-2-14 97 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-2 110 164 210 152.1 31.8 106.7 6.6 8-6-2 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 -2-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 -2-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 21.8 16.2	G13: Mod08-2-6	117	168	214	181.3	46.7	80.8	6.0	22.2	2322
88-2-9 104 172 212 157.7 34.4 106.8 5.4 88-2-0 99 166 205 166.8 40.3 92.9 5.3 88-2-1 103 169 209 162.5 34.5 83.3 5.2 88-2-14 97 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-1 109 159 210 152.1 31.8 106.7 6.6 8-6-2 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 -2-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 401 169 221 171.0 45.5 100.4 6.7 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 9.5 23.1 0.8 1.7 6.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9	G14: Mod08-2-8	102	171	208	172.2	41.5	108.6	5.7	21.9	3113
88-2-0 99 166 205 166.8 40.3 92.9 5.3 88-2-1 103 169 209 162.5 34.5 83.3 5.2 8-2-14 97 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-1 109 159 210 152.1 31.8 106.7 6.6 8-6-2 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 8-6-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 9-1 119 169 221 171.0 45.5 100.4 6.7 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9	G15: Mod08-2-9	104	172	212	157.7	34.4	106.8	5.4	22.1	2859
88-2-1 103 169 209 162.5 34.5 83.3 5.2 8-2-14 97 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-1 109 159 210 152.1 31.8 106.7 6.6 8-6-2 110 164 211 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 -2-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 401 119 169 221 171.0 45.5 100.4 6.7 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	G16: Mod08-2-0	66	166	205	166.8	40.3	92.9	5.3	22.1	2274
8-2-14 97 164 204 164.7 41.7 90.0 5.9 8-6-1 109 159 210 152.1 31.8 106.7 6.6 8-6-2 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 8-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 11 119 169 221 171.0 45.5 100.4 6.7 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 162. 9.5 23.1 0.8	G17: Mod08-2-1	103	169	209	162.5	34.5	83.3	5.2	19.0	2126
8-6-1 109 159 210 152.1 31.8 106.7 6.6 8-6-2 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 -2-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	G18: Mod08-2-14	26	164	204	164.7	41.7	0.06	5.9	19.9	2195
8-6-2 110 164 211 166.3 31.9 81.5 5.7 -2-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 11 119 169 221 171.0 45.5 100.4 6.7 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	G19: Mod08-6-1	109	159	210	152.1	31.8	106.7	9.9	21.3	3338
-2-1 110 164 212 162.8 40.1 114.0 5.4 401 119 169 221 171.0 45.5 100.4 6.7 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	G20: Mod08-6-2	110	164	211	166.3	31.9	81.5	5.7	19.7	2830
I 119 169 221 171.0 45.5 100.4 6.7 401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	G21: Zar01-2-1	110	164	212	162.8	40.1	114.0	5.4	20.2	3415
401 97 157 210 167.1 47.2 91.2 6.5 03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	G22: Sarigol	119	169	221	171.0	45.5	100.4	6.7	18.6	2427
03 104 161 213 162.5 49.3 85.3 5.6 1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	G23: Hyola401	26	157	210	167.1	47.2	91.2	6.5	25.8	2764
1.7 6.1 3.3 16.2 9.5 23.1 0.8 2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	G24: RGS003	104	161	213	162.5	49.3	85.3	5.6	23.6	2487
2.3 8.1 4.4 21.6 12.7 30.9 1.1	$\mathrm{LSD}_{(4=0.05)}$	1.7	6.1	3.3	16.2	9.5	23.1	8.0	3.1	793.7
	$\mathrm{LSD}_{(\hat{a}=0.01)}$	2.3	8.1	4.4	21.6	12.7	30.9	1.1	4.2	1060.8

and genotypic coefficient of variations for days to maturity were 10.4, and 5.4, respectively, Days to maturity displayed high broad-sense heritability (0.77), and low genetic advance (2.35) for the tested genotypes. High heritability does not necessarily mean high genetic gain. The utility of heritability estimates is, therefore, increased when they are used to estimate genetic advance (Scheiner *et al.*, 2000), which indicates the degree of gain in a character obtained under a particular selection pressure. The expected genetic advance is a function of selection intensity, phenotypic variance, and heritability. Thus, the genetic advance has an added edge over heritability as a guiding factor to breeders in a selection program (Semahegn Belete, 2011).

Both genetic, and environmental factors play a vital role in determining the plant height of a plant. The data revealed that the plant height of different rapeseed genotypes under study was significant (Table 1). Plant height varied from 150.4 to 181.3 cm in G10, and G13, respectively. For plant height Vp (318.3) was higher than the VG (122.3), and similarly PCV (19.65) was higher compared to GCV (12.18), and as well as the mentioned traits according to Table 2 exhibited low heritability (0.20), and moderate genetic advance (2.35). This suggests the involvement of non-additive (dominance or epistatic) gene effects for this trait. High genotypic and phenotypic variances also reported for plant height, and pods per plant in *B. juncea* (Basalma, 2008).

Non-significant positive correlation was detected between pods on main raceme, and seed yield (Table 4). Pods on main raceme ranged from 31 to 52 in G6, and G1, respectively. The phenotypic, and the genotypic coefficient of variations for pods on main raceme were 19.0, and 12.35, respectively, this trait displayed moderate heritability (0.42), and high genetic advance (14.03) for the tested genotypes. Pods per plant varied from 69.7, and 114 in G9, and G21, respectively. High average mean value of this trait was observed in G19 (106.7), G15 (106.8), G14 (108.6), G5 (109.7), and G21 (114). For this trait phenotypic variance was 120, and genotypic variance was 24, and the phenotypic and the genotypic coefficient of variations were 6.69, and 2.99, respectively (Table 2). Significant positive correlation was detected between pods per plant and seed yield; therefore, this trait can be used as selection criterion for improving seed yield. High direct effect of pods per plant, and 1000 seed weight on yield per plant were stressed. Pods per plant are decisive for seed yield (Baye and Becker, 2005). Pods per plant had significant positive correlation (0.67**) with seed yield (Table 4), and it also had significant positive direct effect (0.56**) on seed yield (Table 5). So any change for this trait will have considerable effect on seed yield. Pods per plant had also positive indirect effect on seed yield through pod length, and seeds/pod. There are several reports on correlation and path-coefficient analysis in canola (Ali et al., 2003; Khan et al., 2008; Hashemi et al., 2010 and other Brassica species (Semahegn Belete, 2011). In most of these studies pods/plant, and pods on main raceme had significant positive correlation with seed yield.

The data revealed significant differences for pod length among the genotypes (Table 1). This trait ranged from 5.1 to 6.7 in G6, and G22, respectively. High mean value of pod length was determined for G13, G7, G23, G19, and G22 (6, 6.1, 6.5, 6.6 and 6.7cm, respectively). Significant differences were observed for seeds per pod among 23 tested genotypes (Table 2). For this trait phenotypic variance was 36.5, and genotypic variance was 23, and the phenotypic and the genotypic coefficient of variations were 3.6, and 2.7, respectively (Table 3). Moreover, the traits exhibited high heritability (0.53), and genetic advance (12.3).

Seed yield of the genotypes varied from 1846 to 3415 kg ha⁻¹ in G9, and G21, respectively. High mean value of seed yield was determined for G6, G7, G5, G14, G19, and G21 (3053, 3070, 3094, 3113, 3338 and 3415 kg ha⁻¹, respectively). Phenotypic, and genotypic variances of genotypes for seed yield were 33, and 31.9, respectively. Phenotypic, and genotypic coefficient of variations for seed yield were 5.4, and 5.3 respectively, the seed yield also displayed low broad-sense heritability (0.36), and high genetic advance (14.8) for the tested genotypes (Table 2). High GCV, PCV were stated for seed yield, and number of pods per plant (Engqvist and Becker, 1993; Akbar *et al.*, 2007). Seed yield per

Table 4. Correlation among the traits in rapeseed

	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6
Traits	Days to flowering	Days to end of flowering	Days to maturity	Plant height (cm)	Pods on main raceme	Pods per plant	Pods length (cm)	Seeds per pod	Seed yield (kg ha ⁻¹)
Days to flowering Days to end of flowering	1 0.03	_							
Days to maturity	0.79**	-0.03	П						
Plant height	0.05	0.31	0.13						
Pods on main raceme	-0.11	-0.14	0.25	0.47*	П				
Pods per plant	0.13	-0.19	0.18	-0.22	-0.02	1			
Pods length	0.14	-0.16	0.22	0.34	0.29	0.13	П		
Seeds per pod	0.40*	-0.18	-0.11	0.36	0.52**	-0.02	0.26	П	
Seed yield (kg ha ⁻¹)	0.29	-0.41*	0.21	-0.31	0.24	**L9.0	90.0	0.01	

 $[\]ast$, $\ast\ast$ Significant at p=0.05 and 0.01, respectively

Table 5: Path coefficient analysis between yield and related traits in rapeseed genotypes.

Traits	Direct			Indirect	effect on	seed yield via			
	effect	Days	Days	Days	Plant	Pods	Pods	Pods	Seeds
	on seed	to	to end of	to	height	on main	per	length	per
	yield	flowering	flowering	maturity	(cm)	raceme	plant	(cm)	pod
Days to flowering	0.35*	ı	-0.01	-0.03	-0.01	-0.04	-0.07	-0.11	-0.13
Days to end of flowering	-0.31	0.01	ı	0.01	-0.06	0.05	-0.11	0.02	-0.06
Days to maturity	-0.04	0.28	0.01	ı	-0.03	-0.09	0.12	-0.08	-0.04
Plantheight	-0.02	0.02	-0.09	-0.06		-0.17	-0.13	-0.07	0.13
Pods on main raceme	0.36*	0.04	-0.05	-0.11	-0.09	ı	-0.02	-0.03	0.16
Pods per plant	0.56**	0.05	0.06	-0.08	0.04	0.07	,	-0.01	-0.07
Pods length	-0.08	90.0	0.05	-0.01	-0.07	-0.11	0.08	ı	0.08
Seeds per pod	0.32	-0.15	0.06	0.04	-0.07	-0.19	-0.02	-0.02	1

*, ** Significant at p=0.05 and 0.01, respectively.

plant had significant positive genetic correlations with pods per plant. The other traits exhibited positive non significant or negative associations with seed yield. The direct effect of pods per plant on seed yield per plant was positive, and highly significant.

Conclusions

In conclusion, the divergence of the studied material represents solid basis for starting effective breeding program for increasing seed yield. Seed yield per plant had significant positive genetic correlations with pods per plant. The other traits exhibited positive non significant or negative associations with seed yield. The direct effect of pods per plant on seed yield per plant was positive, and highly significant. According to the present study, the positive association between oil content, and seed yield per plant indicate the possibility of improving these most important traits in rapeseed simultaneously.

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